[THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1772.] (739) [NUMB. 1552.]

THE NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC.

PRINTED AND PUPLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

Aſſize of BREAD, publiſhed 18th of Dec. 1771.

Flour at 22*ſ.* 9*d.* per Ct.

A White Loaf of fineſt Flour to weigh 1lb. 7 oz. for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do. to weigh — 11 for 2 Do.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	8*s.* 6*d.*	Beef per Barrel	65*s.* 0*d.*
Flour——	23*s.* 0*d.*	Pork	£5. 5*s.* 0*d.*
Brown Bread	2½*s.* 0*d.*	Salt	2/6 to 2*s.* 10*d.*
Weſt-India Rum	3*s.* 9*d.*	Bohea Tea	4*s.* 3*d.*
New-England ditto	2*s.* 6*d.*	Chocol. per Doz.	18*s.* 0*d.*
Muſcovado Sugar	5½*s.* 0*ds.*	Bees Wax	2*s.* 0*d.*
Single refin'd ditto	12*s.* 0*d.*	Indian Corn	4/8 Buſhel
Candles	1*s.* 8*d.*	Wood	22*s.* to 38*s.*

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

	☾'s *Age.*	*High Water.*	*riſes* ☉ H.	M.	*ſets* ☉ H.	
THURSDAY	5	1	after 6	11	before 6	
FRIDAY	6	2	6	13	6	
SATURDAY	7	3	6	14	6	Firſt qu. Saturday next, Noon.
SUNDAY	8	4	6	16	6	
MONDAY	9	5	6	17	6	
TUESDAY	10	6	6	18	6	
WEDNESDAY	11	7	6	19	6	

Days 11 Hours 38 Min. the 1ſt.

ABEEL AND BYVANCK,

Near Counties Market and Albany Dock, have juſt imported by the Ellen, Capt. Clark, a general Aſſortment of Ironmongery and Cutlery; they have alſo for Sale,

NAILS, powder warranted good; ſhot and lead; Swedes, refin'd, and bloomery iron; London T. C. German and bliſter'd ſteel; ſheet iron, ſad irons, emery, pumice and rotten ſtone, argol and leaf gold, beſt ſaw-mill ſaws, croſ-cut ditto, waffle irons, ſkeats with gutters and high irons, marbles, ſlates, ſtraw knives, fiddles and fiddle ſtrings, black heads, a few bales of pepper, anvils, vices, beck irons and hammers, iron pots, kettles and ſkellets; iron and copper tea kettles, waggon and cart boxes; ſtew pans, gridirons and ladles, allum, copperas, brimſtone, pewter ſorted, corn fans, beſt net and ſewing twine, ſpades and ſhovels, frying and dripping pans; bellows pipes and nails, powder blue in ſmall kegs, brooms, and bruſhes of all ſorts, Harlem oil, Turlington, Neurenbergh ſalve, garden ſhears, beſt oil flints, looking glaſſes, japan'd ware, liſt and Scotch carpeting, and alſo a very elegant eight day ſpring dial, made by the famous Ellicot, of London; ſuitable for a church or large hall in any building. It will be ſold for the firſt coſt, as the building it was deſigned for got ſupplied before it arrived. 52 55

Juſt imported, in the Ship Juno from Briſtol, by

MAXWELL & WILLIAMS,

At their Store, in the Houſe lately occupied by Robert and John Murray, in the Fly, the following Goods, which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, for Caſh or ſhort Credit; viz

THree quarter, 7-8, and yard wide cotton and linen checks; 3-4, 7-8, and yard wide Iriſh linens of all ſorts: Shaloons of all colours, beaver coating and broad cloths of different colours, felt and caſtor hats, cotton chintzes and calicoes, black calamanco ſhoes, oznaburgs, Scotch threads, ſhot and Indian barr lead, gun flints, Tinners ſhovels, and huſbandry do. Fine Briſtol beer in bottles, beſt Scotch ſnuff of the beſt quality, in bladders, &c. &c.

WANTED, a houſe in a trading part of the city, with a large roomy ſtore and ſtable behind, to which there is a cart way; alſo a Negro Man or Woman who underſtands houſe work and cooking. Inquire as above,

52 55 New-York, September 26, 1772.

TO BE LET,

TWO upper and one lower Rooms, and a Cellar, in a good Stand in this City, for a Merchant, and is otherwiſe pleaſantly ſituated for a Gentleman's Lodging; in the main Street, between the Long Bridge and Counties-Market. Inquire of

MATTHEW ERNEST.

N. B. He likewiſe ſells,—Wines—Rum—Spirits—Melaſſes—Loaf and brown Sugar—by wholeſale or retail, and ſundry other Goods. 52 55

Wants a PASSAGE to England,

A YOUNG Woman, who can be well recommended, and would be glad to wait on a lady intending to that place, till her arrival there, being well qualified for ſuch a ſervice: She may be heard of by inquiring of the Printer hereof. 52 55

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Ship Earl of Dunmore, and the Ship London, from London, and the Ship Ellin, from Briſtol, and now opening at the Store of JOHN SCHUYLER, junr. in great Dock-Street.

A Large and general Aſſortment of Goods, ſuitable to the Season; amongſt which are the following Articles. ——Coatings, Frizes, Duffels, ſtriped Blankets, Cloths, Flannels, Baize, Shalloons, Pewter, long and ſhort Pipes, Braſs Kettles in Neſts—6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10 window Glaſs, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. 24d. and 30d. Nails, and ſundry other Articles ſold at the loweſt Rates. 51 54

JOHN MORTON,

Has juſt come to Hand per the London, Capt. Chambers, from London, and the America, Capt. Harvey, from Hull,

A Large aſſortment of goods, well adapted to the approaching ſeaſon, amongſt which are, blue, ſcarlet, mixt, grey, claret, brown and cinnamon colour'd Bath coatings; low priced, middling and ſuperfine broad cloths of all colours, frizes and knaps of do. ſpotted and plain ſwanſkins, roſe and ſtriped blankets, white and purple penniſtones, ſtriped flannels and linſeys, white, yellow and red flannels, white plains and baiſes; rattinets, ſhalloons, durants, tammies and calamancoes of all colours, bearſkins, and common coatings of all colours; women's, maids and girls purple, crimſon, blue, black, white and cloth colour'd, lamb and kid gloves and mitts, women's ſilk gloves and mitts different colours; ſingle and double purple ſtriped and figured callicoes, India and Engliſh chintzes neat patterns, a neat aſſortment of blue and red furniture callicoes; red, blue and purple cotton furniture and chintz do. black and coloured India taffaties, Perſians of all colours, plain and ſtriped luteſtrings, grazets, black bombazeens and ruſſels, black and blue laſtings, black ſerge denims, black and cloth coloured cotton denims; 3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. and 24d nails—6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, and 11 by 12 window glaſs—Short and long pipes, ſhot and bar lead, ſheet iron, with a good aſſortment of Looking Glaſſes and China Ware, &c. &c. &c. 51 54

To be ſold, wholeſale and retail, by

WILLIAM POST,

At the Corner between Burling's-Slip and the Fly-Market,

A General Aſſortment of Dyers Colours, and Fullers Articles, with Painters Colours, of all Sorts, ground in Oil, powder'd or in Lump.

ALSO,

Window Glaſs of all Sizes	Spaniſh White
Painters Bruſhes and Pencils	Allum, Copperas
Linſeed, Lamp, and Train Oil	Vitriol
Spirits of Turpintine	Litharge
Varniſh	Putty, &c.

N. B. Likewiſe mixes Colours of all Sorts for Chairs, Rooms, &c. and will give Directions for the Uſing them, greatly advantageous to the Buyer. 51 —

From the Viſtula, July 14.

THE plague has broke out afreſh at Sniatyn, in Pocutia, which has thrown the inhabitants into the greateſt conſternation. A letter from that place accounts for its appearance there in the following manner:—In 1770, when the plague made great ravages, a rich Jew, coming from Jaſſy, deſired to be admitted into Sniatyn; the inhabitants refuſed him entrance, in conſequence of which he was forced, with his Family, to remain in a hut, in a foreſt, about a League diſtant from Sniatyn. Here the Jew, after burying his treaſure (great part of which conſiſted of gold, and ſome pounds of coral) with all his Family, died of the contagion, except one valet who reſiſted the infection, and recovered his health, but dreading to continue there, left the place, and all the bodies uninterred. This ſervant roving about, fell into the hands of ſome Ruſſian recruiting officers, but finding an opportunity of deſerting from them the beginning of the preſent year, directed his courſe to his late maſter's hidden treaſure of which, he looked upon himſelf as the heir. After digging up the gold and the coral, he brought them to Sniatin, where he changed ſome of the gold, and ſold the coral to a Jew of that town. This acquiſition proved unhappy to the Jew's whole family, conſiſting of twelve perſons, who all died of the infection in ſix days; in order to put a ſtop to it, the houſe was burnt, but that had not the deſired effect. Three days after, the plague broke out, in ſeveral other houſes, and on the 14th of May the place was in the utmoſt confuſion. On the 21ſt it had communicated itſelf to both ends of the town, and the neighbouring villages; ſince which, the Ruſſian regiment of Infantry, under Colonel Hedwig, had marched from Kaminiec, to form a cordon in thoſe parts, to prevent the infection ſpreading any farther.

LONDON,

July 3. On Wedneſday a young Macaroni Jew waddled out of the Alley.

Lord North has the ſtate of public credit at preſent under conſideration, and it is expected that ſome ſalutary laws with reſpect to commercial failures particularly, will be paſſed in the next ſeſſion of Parliament.

On Wedneſday one of the greateſt Bay factors in Europe ſtopped payment.

Wedneſday morning an eminent Jew merchant put an end to his life by a piſtol, at his houſe in this city; the cauſe of this raſh act is attributed to the late failures.

It was yeſterday reported, that an eminent ſhip builder at Rotherhithe had ſhot himſelf.

July 4. Yeſterday Lord George Lenox kiſſed his Majeſty's hand at St. James's, on his promotion to the rank of Major General in the Army.

July 7. It is not a little remarkable, that in the articles of the ſuſpenſion of arms between the Turks and Ruſſians, they ſolely relate to thoſe two powers, without mentioning a ſyllable relating to Poland, for whoſe relief both the above powers pretended to take up arms.

Extract of a letter from Edinburgh, July 14.

"The houſe of Meſſrs. William Alexander, and ſons, of this place, which had ſtopped payment about three weeks ago, began buſineſs again yeſterday. They have obtained a conſiderable loan from the Bank of England (ſaid to be 160,000l. ſterl.) which will extricate them from the effects of the late bankruptcies, in conſequence of this loan, the great houſe of Glyn and Halifax of London, Bankers, is ſaid to be going on again, and that ſeveral houſes there, which had ſtopped payment, have alſo began buſineſs. It is alſo confirmed, that the bank of Douglas, Heron, and Co. have obtained from the bank of England a loan of 300,000l. ſterl. Theſe large aids, at this critical juncture, will, it is hoped, be fully ſufficient to re-eſtabliſh trade on a proper footing."

July 11. A correſpondent aſſures us, that our Court by no means intend to accede to any meaſures by which the conſtitutional independence of the city of Dantzick may be affected.

July 17. We hear that the directors of the bank of England entered up a judgment the other day in the Court at Weſtminſter Hall, againſt three Scotch Noblemen, for the ſum of 300,000l.

July 18. Capt. Mills, of the Laurel, arrived in the river from the Archipelago, and ſpoke with the Neptune, Jones, from Alicant, to Poole, who acquainted him that on the 20th ult. he ſaw three Engliſh merchantmen carried into Algiers by two Barbary corſairs: and private accounts from that place ſay, that the officers are retained at the Dey's court, and the crews ſent up the country to be ſold for ſlaves.

Yeſterday arrived a mail from New-York, which was brought by the Harriot packet, Capt. Oake, after a paſſage of 35 days; as alſo arrived a mail from Liſbon, which was brought by the Hanover packet, Capt. Todd, after a paſſage of 31 days, which is reckoned a very long one: They have brought home a great quantity of letters.

On Thurſday laſt a very conſiderable houſe in the American trade ſtopt for between ſixty and ſeventy thouſand pounds, owing to the ſlow circulation of money from that continent.

Extract of a letter from Poland.

"The only Confederacy of any importance now ſubſiſting, is in the neighbourhood of Cracow, and it is rendered very remarkable by being ſupported by two female warriors of diſtinction; the one the Counteſs Potocka, and the other the Counteſs de Minſzech; daughter to the late Count de Bruhl. Theſe two famous ladies command in perſon, and are continually harraſſing the enemy by ſkirmiſhes in the night-time. The Auſtrian General at Cracow ſent them a meſſenger, politely requeſting that they would quit the field before he ſhould be obliged to proceed to extremities; but they returned for anſwer, that they were ready to receive him in any way he pleaſed.

July 24. We are informed by an Officer of high rank in the Imperial ſervice, now in London, that there are upwards of fifty Engliſh and Scots Gentlemen, Officers in the Imperial army, beſides one Field Marſhal, four Generals, ſix Lieutenant-Generals, eleven Colonels, and upwards of 250 inferior Officers, that are natives of Ireland. A moſt alarming circumſtance, that their religion ſhould thus, by ſome defect in our policy, exclude them from being employed at home, as it is impoſſible to determine but their ſwords may be too ſoon drawn againſt the country which gave them being.

July 25. A Great Perſonage a few days ſince, ſent an American General a Bank note of 500l. and ſettled on him 200l. per ann.

Orders were this week ſent from the Admiralty Office to the Commiſſioners of Chatham, Sheerneſs, Portſmouth, and Plymouth, for an immediate account to be tranſmitted of the number of frigates which are fit to be employed as cruiſers, with their names and number of guns, &c.

July 27. Lord North's language at a late Privy Council was, the neceſſity of ſupporting the authority of Great-Britain, at all events, in every part of the Britiſh dominions; and his Lordſhip aſked how any man could poſſibly call himſelf a friend to his country, who in the leaſt argued for rendering her *ſupremacy* a queſtion. [*What then muſt he be called, who has forced it into Queſtion, by ſubſtituting in its ſtead, tyrannical impoſitions which none but ſlaves could ſubmit to?*]

A report now prevails ſtrongly about town, that a rupture is on the eve between England and France. Some circumſtances here within this week paſt, indeed, might naturally create ſuch a report; but the French Monarch is too well acquainted with the great ſervices that are daily rendered to his country, by our travelling fools, to retard their folly by entering into a war that would, in all probability, prove his utter deſtruction. Our miniſtry, therefore, have nothing to do but diveſt themſelves of their wonted puſillanimity, and inſiſt on ſatisfaction for the inſults the Engliſh nation have received; but if a ſeries of negotiations are to be the methods taken, as uſual, we in the concluſion ſhall be looked upon by all Europe as a nation of mean poltroons.

The news from Mauritius of the miſerable condition of the French troops in that iſland, is confirmed, with this additional circumſtance that nearly one half of them periſhed by ſickneſs and famine; and that being by the hand of providence, rendered incapable of carrying the ſtroke they had meditated into execution, thoſe who had eſcaped the mortality are ordered home. Their whole number is ſaid to have been eight Thouſand choice Troops, and their deſtination is now known to have been againſt our acquiſitions in Bengal.

July 29. Lord North has a plan under conſideration for preventing the great exportation of the gold and ſilver ſpecie of this nation.

A correſpondent aſks, whether upon the arrival of the Queen of Denmark, which, according to many of the papers, may be ſoon expected, ſhe is to be received at Court with all the Honours due to her rank, or whether ſhe is to ſculk about the nation in diſgrace, and add to the number of royal culprits?

Yeſterday Mr. Sheriff Bull was ſworn in at Guild-Hall Alderman for Queenhithe Ward, in the room of Mr. Alderman Peers, lately deceaſed.

Stocks varied on Tueſday very conſiderably before the foreign letters were delivered, occaſioned by a report which prevailed in the Alley, that the French were fitting out ſeveral privateers at Dunkirk, Calais, and other ports in the channel.

July 31. Yeſterday a capital houſe near the eaſtern quarter of the city, is ſaid to have ſtopped for more than 200,000l. which it is thought will draw others after it, as bills of a vaſt amount are coming due in a few days.

Auguſt 1. It is aſſerted in the city, that Mr. Foredyce has declared his determination to appear to the ſtatute of bankruptcy awarded againſt him; and that at his own particular ſolicitation the period of his ſurrendering was enlarged.

Auguſt 2. The Britiſh and Spaniſh ſmugglers in the Weſt Indies, are, it is ſaid, acting juſt in the ſame manner as they did in the years 1738, and 1739; which at laſt brought on the war in 1741.

On Saturday John Innis, alias Jennis, alias Johannes, was committed to Newgate by ſamuel Sedden, Eſq; charged on oath with piratically running away with a ſchooner belonging to the merchant ſhip Venus, of London; and alſo with the wilful murder of Colin Watſon, the commander of the ſaid Schooner, on the high ſeas, within the juriſdiction of the Admiralty of England.

Auguſt 3. A correſpondent, who dates from Clerkenwell, obſerves, that the Emperor's project of giving one of his ſiſters to the King of Poland, after he has aſſiſted in depriving him of his dominions, is borrowed from the practice of the child ſtealers about this metropolis, who firſt ſtrip it ſtark naked, and then leave it a rattle to play with. In this he ſays he does not mean any offence to the lady in queſtion, but it is the firſt time he ever heard of an Arch-Ducheſs being placed in the ſcale againſt a kingdom, If they had left the King of Poland only Anthony's Pica, it would have been ſomething.

Letters from Berlin ſay, our King is very buſy in cauſing all the towns of any importance in Poliſh Pruſſia to be well garriſoned and ſtrongly fortified. A great number of cannon, and quantity of military ſtores, are daily ſending from this place into the above Country.

On Thurſday laſt a Captain in the army carried off an Earl's daughter from a boarding ſchool in Suſſex, and conducted her to Scotland.

We hear the queſtion of eſtabliſhing a civil government on the bank of the Miſſiſippi, has been of late ſo much oppoſed by Lord Hilſborough, and at the ſame time ſo much countenanced by others of the Council, that a great Perſonage has ordered accurate Maps of thoſe tracts of land to be immediately made out for his own inſpection.

Auguſt 5. Letters from Cracow mention that a corps of 2000 Auſtrian troops has broke through the line of the Ruſſians, and made themſelves maſters of Tyniec, and that the Ruſſian garriſon was obliged to leave the place; the conſequences of which we do not know yet, nor the particulars of it.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to grant to Sir Richard Johnſone, Bart. of Guildford, in the kingdom of Ireland, a penſion on that eſtabliſhment of 400l. a year, as a further reward for his good ſervices in quieting and diſperſing the late inſurgents in that kingdom, called the Hearts of Steel.

Notwithſtanding how much the civil liſt is in arrear, there is leſs apology for it now than for many years paſt, as this crown, by the deaths of their Royal Highneſſes the Duke of York, the Princeſs Dowager of Wales, and the Duke of Cumberland, has ſaved one hundred thouſand pounds per annum.

A *ſuperſedeas* is expected this day to be granted to the commiſſion of Sir R. G——n and H——x, bankers; and it is expected the Houſe will immediately proceed to buſineſs.

We hear that a great underwriter, who ſtopped payment laſt week, will have his commiſſion of bankruptcy ſuperſeded, it appearing to his creditors that he has a fortune, after paying the whole of his debts, amounting to between fifty and ſixty thouſand pounds. During the apprehenſions of a rupture with Spain about a year and a half ago, the above Gentleman was very lucky in inſuring againſt a war; and, it is ſaid, made no leſs than 50,000 l. in that way, in the courſe of four months.

It is ſaid that Mr. Fordyce's affairs now appear ſo complicated, that without his perſonal aſſiſtance there will not be half a crown in the pound for his creditors. It is therefore imagined, that he will be invited home; and from his late letters to Colcheſter, incredible as ſuch a circumſtance may ſeem, it is thought he will ſpeedily figure away in the political theatre.

Certain advices are received from Paris, that the French have ſuſtained a loſs of eight men of war, ſeveral tranſports, and upwards of 2000 ſeamen, by the hurricane at the iſle of Bourbon, in the Eaſt-Indies, in April laſt.

Auguſt 6. Our pious court ſeems reſolved to reviſe and correct the penal laws in a very extraordinary manner; the fouleſt crimes are to paſs with impunity; murder, ſodomy, are trivial offences.—Surely rapes can never now be puniſhed. Needy, ſtarving, pilfering villains only are to grace the gallows. Was it in Beccaria, or where elſe, that the beſt and wiſeſt of princes learnt, that no aſſaults upon a man's perſon, but thoſe which have his purſe in view, ought to be puniſhed with death?

When Murder and unnatural luſt ceaſe to be capital crimes in the eyes of the ſupreme magiſtrate, the ſtate is ſunk into the laſt degree of political depravity. When the appeal to the laws, is rendered nugatory, every man muſt be his own defender, repel force by force, and guard his perſon with arms as in a ſtate of nature. Aſſaſſination and bloodſhed will be the natural conſequence of ſuch a ſtate of anarchy, let thoſe look to it, whoſe abuſe of the crown's diſpending power muſt unavoidably introduce this other Italian evil.

The Duke of Cumberland has ordered preparations to be made at Cumberland houſe, for a ſuperb entertainment to be given to the nobility, &c. ſoon after his Royal Highneſs's return to London, which is expected to be the latter end of next week. Upwards of two hundred cards of invitation are ſaid to be already diſtributed.

Letters from Liſbon mention the univerſal rejoicings there among all kinds of perſons on the news of the death of the Miniſter.

Advices from Madrid ſay, that the court ſeems to have no intention of entering into a war with Great-Britain. The illicit traders in America, it is ſaid, give occaſion for complaints too well founded.

The Spaniſh Ambaſſador has no thought of leaving this kingdom ſooner than two months hence, notwithſtanding the many aſſertations to the contrary.

It is aſſerted as a fact, that a whole cargo of flour lately imported from America, is deſigned to be ſent back again to the port it was originally ſhipped from, or ſome other foreign port; the gentlemen concerned, can, if they pleaſe, aſſign the reaſon, or whether the bakers pronounce the flour, which to appearance is very good, unfit for the Engliſh table.

The importation of flower from America, was probably deſigned by Parliament to reduce the price of our Markets, and the publick will be obliged to the cornfactors to inform them, how the cargoes lately arrived here have been diſpoſed off.

The farmers and men of landed intereſt, who it is well known are perpetually inventing ſome plea for enhancing the price of proviſions, take advantage of the ſhortneſs of a few crops of particular ſorts of grain, and have the confidence to declare, that proviſions are not increaſed in price, proportionally with the influx of wealth, or raiſed value of the lands; therefore the publick may expect to ſee the price higher in the courſe of the enſuing winter; this may be conſidered as the prelude of their pious intentions towards their fellow creatures.

The Salmon ſloops from Berwick, and other places, have got into a new method of keeping up the price of that article, by ſtopping at Erith, and other places, and ſending up only ſuch quantity of fiſh as they expect to get ſold at their own price. [*By theſe and ſuch like practices, the neceſſaries of life in moſt populous places, have been gradually raiſed, till the poor became unable to purchaſe them, and were ruined or obliged to ſeek ſome more comfortable place of reſidence—Every ſpecies therefore of ſuch practices, ought to be puniſhed with the ſevereſt penalties.*]

Advice is received, that a fleet conſiſting of ten ſail of the line, and ten frigates, with ſeveral tranſports, lie in Ferrol ready to ſail at a few hours notice. Alſo that three thouſand ſoldiers, which have been conſtantly exerciſing there for three months, were to embark on board the tranſports as ſome principal engineers arrived from Madrid, who were hourly expected when theſe advices came away, which was on the twenty-fourth of June.

The News of the loſs of the French fleet on the Iſle of Bourbon in the eaſt Indies, is confirmed by letters from Holland, only with the difference of time, it being the latter end of February laſt.

They write from Paris, that there is at preſent in that capital and ſuburbs, an army of above forty thouſand effective men.

Warſaw, June 17. Prince Shackowſky is arrived here with advice that a ſuſpenſion of arms was concluded the 30th of May at Giurwego, between the Ruſſians and the Turks. The ſubſtance of the articles of this ſuſpenſion are, That hoſtilities and all warlike operations every where, between the forces of the contending parties, ſhall immediately ceaſe as ſoon as notice can be ſent to the ſeveral places where they are reſpectively poſted—That each party ſhall, during the ſuſpenſion, remain where they are, and in poſſeſſion of the places they then have, when they receive advice of the ſuſpenſion.—That neither party ſhall build any new fortifications nor repair the old. That a free navigation on the Danube, and other places where the forces are ſtationed, ſhall be allow'd on both ſides, and each give all neceſſary aſſiſtance to the proviſion veſſels of the other, that they may proſecute their reſpective voyages.

BOSTON, September 21.

Capt. Treſethen, who arrived at Portſmouth laſt Thurſday in 21 days from St. Vincent, informs, That the Carribeans of that iſland were intrenching themſelves againſt an expected attack of the Engliſh forces; and that a few days before he ſailed a country armed ſloop of 8 guns, was drove by the current near that part of the iſland thoſe people inhabit, and was fired at by them, when the Captain of the ſloop returned the ſalute from the cannon loaded with un[illegible] meſſengers, which occaſioned great diſtreſs among the Indians by the ſcreaches and noiſes heard on board ſaid veſſel from the ſhore.

NEWPORT September 21.

On the 5th of September, Capt. Earl, and Capt. Howland, from this place, arrived at Ocracock; Capt. Earl on the 4th. took Capt. James Thomas off three boards, about 7 leagues E. from Ocracock bar; Capt. Thomas had then been 3 days and nights without any thing to eat or drink, his mate and two of his People being with him part of the time, but they drinking ſalt water went diſtracted, and at different times left the Captain to look for freſh water and were drowned. The ſame day Capt. Howland took up one of Capt. Thomas's men 5 leagues N. E. from Cape Hatteras, who was on the ſtern of the wreck, and had been as long without ſuſtenance as Capt. Thomas, except a cake of bees-wax, of which he chewed ſome, and was able when Capt. Howland took him on board, to aſſiſt in tending the ſails, &c. Capt. Howland alſo ſpoke with one of the ſloops which was drove out and ſuppoſed to be loſt, to the northward of Cape Hatteras, bound to New-York, without cable, anchor or boat, and ſupplied them with fire-works and other neceſſaries. A number of dead bodies and pieces of wrecks had been driven aſhore towards Cape Hatteras before Capt Evans ſailed. The tide on the banks, between the ſound and the ſea, in the ſtorm, was allowed to be 2 or 3 feet higher than any that could be remembered before, which overflowed chief part of the potatoes and much damaged the Indian corn, which the bankers had growing. But up the coutrry the tides were not ſo high, owing to the wind ſhifting to the northward, &c.

Capt. John Clarks veſſel was ſeen to ſink, and all his hands waſhed off, 3 days after the gale.

Laſt Wedneſday night, alſo, arrived here the ſloop Ceſar, Capt. Thomas Forreſter, in 33 days from the Mole, who, on the 15th of Auguſt, ſpoke Captain Philip Burnham, in a ſloop 25 days from New-York, juſt going into the Mole. On the 20th, Capt. Forreſter ſaw a large, three decked ſhip aſhore on Watling's Iſland; ſhe was from Jamaica, bound for London, the cargo, conſiſting of rum and ſugar, loſt and veſſel bilged.

[In the ſtorm of Ocracock, mentioned in our laſt the tide was higher than ever known before, and beſides the veſſels then mentioned, the brig Triton Capt. Samuel Pierce, was driven on ſhore, bilged, ſtripped, and her cargo loſt.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 3.

Captain Gill from London, on the 28th of July, off the ſtart point, ſpoke, the ſhip Beaver, Capt. De Peyſter, from Hull for New-York.

Capt. Brown from Cape Fear, informs us, that on the 31ſt of Auguſt, 14 veſſels were drove aſhore and totally loſt, with ſeveral ſeamen; Capt Brown was aſſiſted by his Majeſty's ſhip Tamer, with an anchor and cable: On the 7th inſt. his Majeſty's ſloop King's Fiſher, arrived there from Boſton, who had thrown overboard 8 guns and carried away two topmaſts, and all her ſails; and a brig bound for Cork, had parted both her anchors, and was obliged to put back, and unload her cargo. Capt. Brown on the 11th, ſpoke a ſloop, Captain Scott, from Jamaica, going into that port; alſo ſaw a veſſel that had loſt her mainmaſt, but could not tell whether a brig or ſnow.

Captain Kollock, from St Vincent, informs, that on the 27th ult. as he lay in St Euſtatia Road, a Hurricane came on, and drove aſhore a great number of Veſſels, five of which were intirely loſt. Capt. Kollock loſt his bowſprit, an anchor and a cable, and was obliged to put to ſea—On the 21ſt, in lat. 22, 53, lon. 64, paſſed by a brig ſtanding to the Southward, and had loſt her maſts, boom and

bowſprit; ſhe had a low black ſingle deck, a long quarter-deck, and no head; ſhe had a Jury maſt, and made ſeveral ſignals for Capt. Kollock to come to them, which he would willingly have done, but was in great diſtreſs himſelf, and it blew very hard.

On Wedneſday laſt put in here to refit, the brig Acorn, Capt. Briſcoe, bound from Liverpol to North Carolina, who relates, that on the 31ſt ult. in lat. 35, 30, long. 74, 30, he met with a heavy gale of wind off Ocracock bar. ſhipped a ſea abaft the main chains, which ſtove his long boat, every thing on deck, and the water caſks in the hold, damaged all the bread, overſet the brig, and deſtroyed the ſails; in that condition they lay between three and four hours, with the veſſel almoſt under water; and uſed all their Endeavours to right her, but in vain, till obliged to cut away the mainmaſt by the board.

NEW-YORK, October 1.

Capt. Chambers ſpoke with the following Veſſels on his Paſſage, viz. in the River the 20th of July, with the Ship Newry Packet, from this Port; the 13th of Auguſt, Lat. 46, 57 Lon. 24, with the Ship Argo, Capt. Gardiner, from London for Boſton, 14 Days out; and on the 17th of the ſame Month, in Lat. 52, 17, Long. 48, with a Brig from the Grenades for Lancaſter.

The Dutcheſs of Gordon, Capt. Wynn, and the Roſe, Capt. Chriſtopher Miller, ſailed from the Downs in Company with Capt. Lawernce.

Capt. Harvey ſailed from Hull in Company with Capt. Smith for Philadelphia; and Capt. De Peyſter ſailed 11 Days before him for this Port. On the Paſſage Capt. Harvey ſpoke with the following Veſſels, viz. The 12th of Auguſt, Lat. 47, 16, with a Ship from London for Newfoundland; the next Day, Lat. 47, 23, Lon. 20 49, with the Brig Polly, Stephen Blaney, Maſter, from Falmouth for Marblehead, all well; the 14th Lat. 47, 3, Lon. 22, 18, with Capt. Robert Kendall, from Jamaica for London, 42 days out; the 15th, Lat. 46, 47, Lon. 23, 40, with the Ship Boyne, Capt. Cunningham, from Philadelphia, for Haverdegrace, 28 Days out; and September 4, Lat. 37, 7, Lon. 51, 30, with Capt Roger Richards, from this Port for Africa, 14 Days, out.

The 17th Inſtant, Lat. 39, 10, Lon. 68, 18, at 4 o'Clock, Capt. Hervey paſſed by a Schooner full of Water, the Mainſail unbent, and all the running Rigging unreeſed, and only the Maſts and Shrouds ſtanding: There were two Water Caſks laſhed on her Main Deck, a large Hen Coop on her Quarter, the Main Hatch and Fore Scuttle open; had Hogſhead and Pipe Staves in her Hatchway, and a red Oker Bottom.

We hear from Elizabeth Town, in New Jerſey, that the general Convention of Delegates from the Clergy of the conſociated Churches of Connecticut, and from the Synod of New-York and Philadelphia, met there on Wedneſday laſt. The Convention was opened with a Sermon by the Rev. John Clark, and the Rev. John Cotton Mather Smith was choſen Chairman.

Friday laſt died Mr. MATTHEW CLARKSON, of Flatbuſh, in Long Iſland, formerly a Merchant of this City; a Gentleman eminent for many good Qualities: He is miſſed as a kind and affectionate Huſband, a tender Parent, ſincere Friend, humane and generous Benefactor, and an uſeful Member of Society.—In ſhort, thoſe who eſteem Virtue, and regard true Merit, muſt ſincerely regret the Loſs of him, as one who exhibited to the World, a laudable Example of theſe ſtriking Qualifications.

Laus illi debetur, & á *me* Gratia major. HORACE.

Saturday Night laſt, arrived here, in 23 Days from St. Martins, Capt. Jeremiah Harris, who informs us, that on the 29th of Auguſt a moſt violent Hurricane happened there, which drove ſeveral Veſſels from their Anchors, three of whom were loſt, viz. Capt. Holmes, of the Sloop Catherine, belonging to this Port; a Schooner, Caulkins, Maſter, of Norwich, in Connecticut, and a Brig belonging to Piſcataway——While Captain Harris lay at St. Martin's, Advice was received there, from St. Euſtatia, that they had had the moſt violent Hurricane ever remembered there; that the greateſt Part of the Houſes on a Place called Statia-Hill, were blown down, whereby a great Number of Lives were loſt; that four large Dutch Ships, in the Harbour, foundered as they lay at Anchor, and all the People on board drowned; that a Number of other Veſſels were drove aſhore, and ſome put out to Sea.—Off Nevis, he ſaw a Brig diſmaſted, and another Brig off the Weſt End of St. Martin's, that had loſt both her Maſts.

Tueſday ſev'nnight began drawing the Second New Caſtle Lottery, at the Town of New-Caſtle.

We hear by the Albany Poſt, that one Day laſt Week, there was found dead at the blue Mountains in Albany County, one Kenneth Morriſon, ſuppoſed to have been ſhot by ſome of his Neighbours, with whom, he was at Varience concerning the Poſſeſſion or Bounds of Lands; it is reported that a few Days ago he fired at one of them. The Jury of Inqueſt had not brought in their Verdict when the Poſt came away.

The New York, Watſon, and Grace, Young, at Briſtol: London Expedition, Chevalier, at Dover, from New York.—Tryon, Saunders, and Johanna, Hopper, at Jamaica.

☞ The Manager of the Concert and Ball, which is to be on Monday next, the 5th Inſtant, begs Leave to aſſure the Ladies and Gentlemen, that every Method ſhall be purſued to render it agreeable—And takes this Opportunity of returning his moſt humble and ſincere Thanks, to the Gentlemen who have honoured his Liſt with their Names; and particularly thoſe Gentlemen who condeſcend to perform for his Beneſit.

He likewiſe begs Leave to acquaint them, that on Saturday next, the Subſcription Tickets will be delivered, and hopes that the Ladies who intend Dancing Minuets, will intimate their Intentions, prior to the Night.

☞ TO BE LET, and entered upon immediately furniſhed or unfurniſhed.—Three genteel rooms, one on the firſt and two on the ſecond floor, all fronting the ſtreet, with fire places in two of them; and a cellar adjoining: They are fit for a merchant or ſhop-keeper, and may be ſeen by applying to ABRAHAM COCK, Cooper, next door to Mr. Jaſper Drake, at Beekman's ſlip. 49 59

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Sloop Joſeph, J. Carpenter, Non Pareil, A. Webſter, Mary Ann, F. Pennit Betſey, D. Lovett, from Rhode-Iſland.

Outward—Brig Shirly, J Hilton, for Jamaica; Schooner Jeboidan, B. Newton, St. Euſtatia; Two Friends, R. Blake, Jamaica; Ann, J. Darral, Maderia; Brig Abraham, T. Vardelle, Surinam; Joſeph, O. Shourt, Madeira; Gen. Conway, T. Kennedy, Barbados; Polly, S. Henſhaw, Grenades; Betſy, P. Schermerhorn, South-Carolina. Ship Earl of Dunmore, E. Lawrence; and London, J. Chambers, London; Ellen, J. Clark; and America, W. Hervey, Briſtol. Sloop Bumper, T. Williams, Jamaica.

Cleared—Sloop Good Intent, J Candall, Affrica; Mary, C. Sprainger, Dominica; Sally, J. Pell, St. Croix; Two Brothers, E Young, St. Vincent; Francis, J. Seyman; Lawrence, W. Gilbert; Liberty, W. Haddox, St. Chriſtophers; Polly, S. Barns, Sally, W. Henry, Coracoa; William, W. Ritchie, S. Carolina; Helena, W Ferguſon, Antigua. Schooner Sarah, J Walcott, Corocoa; Hope, T. Cunningham, Tortola; Mary, J. Stringham, Hunduras Bay.

REMSEN AND SEABURY,

In Dock-ſtreet, between the Old Slip and Coenties Market;

Have Imported by the Ship America, Capt. William Harvey, from Hull, and by the laſt Veſſels from London and Briſtol; a general Aſſortment of European and India Goods, which they are now ſelling cheap for Caſh, Country Produce, or Credit, viz.

SCARLET, blue, brown and mixt 6-4 and 7-4 cloths
Cinnamon, claret, blue and ruſſet 7-4 Bath coating
Ruſſet and grey 6-4 bearſkin
Blue and red 6-4 coating
Striped & 10-4 roſe blankets
Broad and narrow frizes, well aſſorted, as to colours and price
Narrow ſeasnoughts very ſtout
Green and red halfthicks and and penniſtons
Green baiſe in half pieces
Scarlet, common red, blue, green and brown long ells
German ſerge
Scarlet and white flannels
Rattinets, ſhalloons, durants
Tammies and calamancoes of all the different colours made uſe of
Oznaburghs low priced
Common, middling and ſuperfine writing paper
7-8, yard, and yard and 3-8 wide, cotton checks of dark patterns
7-8, and yard wide Iriſh linen
7-8 dowlas and garlix
Tandems and double Seleſias
Long lawns, and piſtol lawns
Cambricks and lawns, 7-8 and yard wide
Clouting diaper,
Damaſk table cloths
Common towelling
Cotton, ſecterſoy, lungee and new ſilk romals
Blue and white, and red and white, paſte work
Linen handkerchiefs
Scotch ditto, blue and white 7-8 and yard wide cotton ditto
An aſſortment of ſingle and double purple callicoes
Red and white furniture callicoe
Pencil'd blue and copper-plate ditto
Mens and womens worſted, cotton and thread ſtockings
Mens red and white, and green double worſted caps
Janes fuſtians and barragons
Black ſattinet
Black ſerge denim in ſmall pieces
Black peelong, ſattin,
Plain and figured mode—
Half yard, and ¾ ell black and colour'd Perſians
Sky blue, and black India taffaties
A great variety of plain and figured ribbons
Mens large white lamb gloves
An aſſortment of womens worſted and leather gloves and mitts
Common fans, gartering
Quality, ſhoe and coat binding—Sewing ſilks
Sewing threads
Apron and cap tapes, bobbin
Scarf twiſt, baſket buttons, wove and needle work—ſtout, hard metal buttons
Cutteau and piſtol knives
Barlow penknives
Tayſors ſhears
4lb and 4½lb pins
Large braſs ditto
Common and beſt ſewing and darning needles
Snuff boxes—Braſs, ſteel and hard metal ſhoe buckles

ALSO, a variety of

Sconces and pier Looking glaſſes

plain and neatly ornamented from 12s. to £ 10.
China cups and ſaucers
Pound beads
Beſt Scotch ſnuff } Warranted good
Wool cards }
Pepper, muſcovado ſugar in barrels, and a few black wampum of the beſt ſort, &c. &c.

☞ Ready Money given for Beeswax. 52 53

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away, from ETNA FURNACE, in the County of Burlington, laſt Night, two indented ſervant Men, viz. JAMES JOHNSON, an Engliſh Man, pretends to have been bred to the Sea; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, of a brown Complexion, and very black Hair, had on an outſide green pea-Jacket, and a red under one, a long blue ſurtout Coat, long Oznaburg Trowſers, and new Shoes, a checked Shirt, a very ſmall rimed beaver Hat, and a black ſilk Handkerchief round his Neck.——The other named PATRICK COLLINS, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, very much marked with the Small-Pox, white Eyes, ſhort Hair tied behind, an outſide bluiſh coloured Jacket, and a very dark brown under one, a narrow rimed felt Hat; he is a very luſty ſtrong raw boned Man. Whoever ſecures the above Servants in any of his Majeſty's Goals, ſo that the Subſcriber may have them again, ſhall receive the above Reward, or THREE POUNDS for each of them.

CHARLES READ.

Etna Furnace, September 28, 1772.

FRANCIS LEWIS, and SON,

Have imported by the laſt Veſſels from London, Briſtol and Hull, A complete Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, viz.

BROAD cloths coarſe and fine, Bath, beaver, and coating ſhags, ſhalloons, durants, rattinets, crapes, tammies, prunelles, calamancoes, dorſetees, flannels, linſies, ſwanſkins, white and ſtriped duffles, bearſkins, fearnoughts, embоſſed ſerges—2, 2½, and 3 points Indian blankets, roſe blankets, ſtrouds, penniſtons, druggets, forreſt cloths, friſe, ratteens, caſſamires, with trimmings ſuitable—an aſſortment of linen drapery, hoſiery, and mercery—luteſtrings plain, ſtriped, and brocade—Perſians, taffaties, paduſoys, damaſks and fattins, flowered and plain—gauze catgut, ribbons, pewter, table China, F. F. powder, writing paper, playing cards, pins, checks of all ſorts, Japan'd waiters and tea boards, Tutenaque candleſticks and dith croſſes, cap wire, Moſe's ſhoes in ſmall trunks—variety of neat looking glaſſes, &c. &c. 52 55

CAMPBELL AND GAULT,

Have juſt imported per the London, Capt. Chambers, from London, and the laſt Veſſels from Briſtol and Hull,

AN aſſortment of dry goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, amongſt which are, yard wide and 7-8 Iriſh linen from 18d. to 9s. per yard—hard ware of all ſorts, Japan'd tea urns, waiters, bread baſkets, plate warmers, candle ſhades, &c.—A variety of the neweſt faſhioned plated candleſticks, ſalvers, plain and fluted tankards, cups, mugs, caſtors, ſalts, &c. ornamental and other China, &c. &c.

☞ All which they are determined to ſell on very low terms, for *Caſh*, by wholeſale or retail. 52 55

JOHN AMIEL,

Has juſt imported in the Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, and other Ships from England, the following Goods, which he ſells wholeſale and retail, at the loweſt Rates, at his Store in Smith-Street, viz.

BEST London porter
Double Glouceſter and Cheſhire cheeſe
Double refined } Sugars
Single ditto }
Lump }
Beſt Durham muſtard
New raiſins and Currants
Baſket ſalt
Staple iſinglaſs
Fine Florence oil
India ſoy and Ketchup
Fine Turkey figs
Prunes
Split peas
Spices of all kinds
Pepper, carraway ſeed and anniſeed
Lavender water
Hungary water
Eau de luce
Sans parreille
Turlington's balſam
Stoughton's bitters
Hair powder ſcented
Ditto, ditto plain
Waſh-balls
Hardham's beſt rappee in canniſters
Whittol's beſt Scotch in do.
Kite's-foot ſmoking tobacco
Engliſh manufactured chewing ditto

AS USUAL,

Beſt hyſon, Souſhong, Common green, Congo and Bohea } Teas
Claret, Madeira, Red port, Liſbon, Frontiniac, Teneriff } Wines
Coffee, Chocolate, Powder & Muſcovado } Sugars
Spermaceti candles
Caſtile ſoap

LIKEWISE 52 55

Spirits—Rum—Brandy—Geneva—

And every article in the Grocery way.

N. B. A few boxes of Philadelphia hard ſoap, cheap.

WILLIAM WIKOFF,

At his Store the Corner of the Old Slip Market, in Hanover-Square—Has juſt open'd, a very handſome Aſſortment of Dry Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon, imported in the Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, and other late Veſſels from Europe—All which he will ſell very low for Caſh, or ſhort Credit—amongſt which are,

BROAD cloth, coatings
Bearſkins, friſes and Duffles, German ſerges
Half thicks and kerſeys
Red, white and yellow flannels
Rugs and blankets
Mens and womens worſted hoſe
Cotton caps and womens worſted mitts
Camblets, croſs barr'd ſtuffs
Calamancoes, durants
Tammies, ſhalloons
A beautiful aſſortment of callicoes and cottons
Ribbons of all kinds
India taffaties and Perſians
Mens and womens white and beaver gloves of the beſt kind
Oznaburgs and Iriſh ſheeting
Yard and 7-8 Iriſh linens
Cambricks and lawns
Check, paſte work and ſilk handkerchiefs
Broad and narrow worſted and ſilk bindings
Shoe and knee buckles
Taylors thimbles
Childrens yellow and red leather ſhoes—Gartering, cotton laces, coat and veſt buttons, mohair, knives, and knives and forks
Pins, needles and combs
Bibles, teſtaments, Watts's Pſalms, ſpelling books, and primers—Glaſs, ſtone, and braſs ſleeve buttons
Gimp and ſnail of all colours
Bed furniture, callicoes &c.

And many more articles, too tedious to inſert. He likewiſe has for ſale—Rum—Wine—Geneva—Brandy—Sugar—Melaſſes—A few barrels beſt Peas, and beſt inſpected Tobacco. 52 77

A Woman with a good Breaſt of Milk, who can be well recommended, would be willing to go into any creditable Family as a Wet Nurſe—Inquire of the Printer. 52 55

ROAD LOTTERY

TO the Publick and Gentlemen Adventurers therein; this Lottery is to be drawn at Mr. Elſworth's at Powles-Hook, in the Month of December next, the particular Day will be made known before drawing, as about one Half of the Tickets are already diſpoſed of, it is determined on to be drawn then, without fail, as ſome particular Gentlemen of New-Jerſey have intereſted themſelves in diſpoſing of the Tickets,, and what may remain unſold then, will be drawn on the Riſk of the Road; Tickets to be had of Mr. Nathan Smith, Merchant, and of Mr. Elſworth at Powles Hook; any Gentlemen willing to promote ſaid Lottery, can be ſupplied with Tickets by ſending their Orders to the above Gentlemen by the Albany Poſt, who will do it gratis.

N. B. The Prizes to be paid by Perſons diſpoſing of the Tickets, who are to retain the Money in their Hands for that purpoſe, and the Profits of ſaid Lottery to be divided in Proportion to the Tickets ſold in the four Counties of Bergen, Orange, Ulſter and Albany, and the Money lodged in the following Gentlemen's Hands for that Purpoſe, who will ſee that it is well laid out on the Poſt Road; For Bergen County, Meſſrs. Verdine Elſworth and Nathan Smith; for Orange, Samuel Brunſon, Eſq; Ulſter, Capt. John Snyder, Eſq; Albany, Rutger Bleeker, Eſq; to be drawn under the Inſpection of a Number of reputable Gentlemen, and after drawing, the fortunate Numbers publiſhed in this Paper. 52 55

POET'S CORNER.

TO THE PRINTER,

SIR,

I Lately met with the following piece of history, viz. 'The inhabitants of *Cappadocia*, were not only born to 'slavery, but in love with it; and when the Romans offer'd 'to make them a free people, they refused the offer, chose 'to hug their chains, and live under the yoke of servitude, 'rather than enjoy the blessings of liberty.' On which the *English* historian has the following remark,

'How strange! how incredible! how amazing! must 'this servility appear, in a country, whose characteristic is 'Liberty!'

And yet this very country is actually approaching, and very near, the same state of slavery, that to this writer seem'd so wonderful in the *Cappadocians*; and this slavery is brought on, not by a foreign enemy, but by the inhabitants of this land of liberty, the most favour'd inhabitants! who possess in the greatest profusion, the richest blessings that freedom can bestow! But alas! in proportion as they enjoy it themselves, they seem solicitous to exclude it from others, to destroy, and root it out from the land. This *Destruction* is already actually begun, and those on whom it is just ready to fall, lend a helping hand to bring it forward. Its Effects indeed are as yet but little felt, but its principles are inculcated, received and defended, and when once established its effects will follow of course. If the people may be taxed without their consent, or the consent of representatives freely chosen by themselves for that purpose; If without their own free choice, persons may be imposed upon them as their representatives, and they be bound to abide by and receive as laws the doings and determinations of such pretended representatives, perhaps of interests, and appointed by persons of interests opposite to those in whose name they presume to act; If such representatives, or even those actually and freely chosen by the people, may of their own authority without the consent of their constituents, lengthen out the term of their continuance in office, beyond the time for which they were chosen, or may not be removed at the pleasure of their constituents——presume to determine upon matters that were never entrusted to them, and that manifestly could not nor ought ever to be entrusted to them by their constituents—If such things, and numerous others of the like kinds, lately practised, may be legally done, or done with impunity, then our boasted constitution is no more, Freedom has taken its flight from our land and slavery will necessarily succeed. If once slavery is established, it will be in vain for us to expect to throw it off—If we could not keep our freedom when we had it, much less shall we be able to recover it when lost—with it we shall lose all the virtues attendant upon it—that firmness, dignity of mind and vigour that are necessary to defend our property, or atchieve any noble enterprise—We shall become, base, mean and abject, and like the *Coppadocians* hug our chains, choose to be slaves, and crouch beneath our burdens,

But oh my Countrymen!
WITH native freedom, as with courage blest,
Chains, and each mark of thraldom we detest.
'Tis Heaven's high gift, 'tis nature's great decree,
That none be slaves whom God himself made free.
Revere we ought those powers, which we entrust,
But to our selves be resolutely just;
Scorn base corruption, nor like slaves disown
The laws that fix'd our Monarch on his Throne:
For well we know by truth's eternal rules,
Where slaves are subjects, subjects must be fools.
Exert but reason, *Liberty* will reign,
And *Tyranny* exalt her impious head in vain.

ALL Persons who have any just Demands on Robert Needham, are desired to bring in their Accounts and have them settled, and all who are indebted to said Needham, are requested to call and make Payment, as he intended to leave this City in three Weeks from the Date hereof.

New-York, September 24 1772. 51 54

HERMAN GOUVERNEUR,
Has for Sale on HUNTER'S QUAY,
A Few Casks of choice Muscovado SUGAR, also a Parcel of large Spanish Hides.—Two large commodious Store Houses, situate on Mr. Gouverneur's Wharf, to be let and entered upon the first Day of November next—Inquire as above 51 54

JOHN WOODWARD,
At his Store near the Fly-Market, has just imported, a neat Assortment of Yard wide
IRISH LINENS,
AND a large variety of dark ground two purple callicoes; green, blue, brown and plumb coloured tabbarets—men's fine patent narrow ribbed white and grey worsted hose—yard wide cotton checks, seven eighths cambricks, seven eighths clear lawns, and dark and light ground English chints, callicoes in six yard patches——Which he will dispose of upon very reasonable terms, for cash, country produce, or at short credit. 51 54

NOEL AND HAZARD,
Have this Day imported by the Arrival of the Ship Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, from London, very largely in the Book and Stationary Articles; amongst which are,
A New edition of Wood's institutes, the young gentleman and lady's philosophy, the British moralist, Pott on fractures, ditto on the disorders of the head, Junius's letters, 2 vols. either of the vols. may be had separate; the life of Ben Celleni, history of Friar Gerund, the art of speaking, Young's works complete, the British grammar, Entick's pocket dictionary, Watts's psalms and hymns bound together, &c. Ledgers, journals, and other blank books of every sort and size—Paper of the best quality, of every kind, Watman's best writing demy, also his superfine fools cap or pro patria, the best that is made in England, with other articles used for furnishing the counting house and store. They are by this arrival furnished with books for the supply of COUNTRY STORES, as bibles large and small, school bibles with Watts's psalms, testaments, psalters, primers, young man's companions, confession of faith, Dilworth's spelling book, also his schoolmaster's assistant, gospel sonnets, Boston's forefold state—Hervey's works, Guthries saving interest, with a pretty assortment of small histories, commonly called chapmans books, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO,
Quarter waggoners, seamen's daily assistant, mariners compass and calendar, draughts of the Bay, also of North-Carolina, Hadley's quadrant, scales and dividers, pocket microscopes, cases of very neat instruments, thermometers, &c.—They have likewise a parcel of the best red Morocco leather. 51 54

☞ They have also for sale, a set of Voltaire's works, 34 vols. second had in good order, which will be disposed of cheap.

MACHINE to dress FLOUR.
THE King has been pleased to grant unto JOHN MILNE of Manchester, his royal letters patent, for all his colonies in America, &c. for the sole making and vending his new invented machines, for the dressing the flour of wheat, &c. which machines are found to be of great utility by all persons who have them in use; they not only make the flour look better, but also make it use better, as they make it more lively, and will dispatch three times as much business in the same time, as the common method of bolting with cloths, and they will do that business at one operation, which, to be done with cloths, requires several, for they will dress fine flour, two seconds and three seconds, and clean the bran at one operation; or they may make two sorts, or only one sort of flour, by moving the partitions within the box, just as the person pleases who attends it; and considering their duration, are much cheaper than cloths. Also, his new invented machines for cleaning wheat, barley, &c. which takes out seeds, dust, &c. and will break and destroy smut balls, and give a brightness and lustre to the grain.

The said machines are to be sold by JOHN MILNE, and Co. at their house in Manchester; or by applying to James Milne (son of the said John Milne) who is now at Mr. Nedham's, opposite Beekmans's-slip, New-York.

Just imported in the last vessels from ENGLAND,
A fresh COLLECTION of the abovementioned
MACHINES.
To the PUBLICK.

HAVING had an experience of Mr. Milne's new invented patent machines, for bolting flour and cleaning wheat, at my mill, where they are now to be seen at work, at Long-Island—— I think it my duty to declare, that they are a curious, expeditious and elegant contrivance, and what, in my opinion, will answer every purpose for which they are designed, and likewise be of great service to the publick. JACOB SEBRING, junr.

To the PUBLICK.

I Think it incumbent on me, for the good of the community, and particularly of those who are manufacturers of flour, to declare, that upon trial, I have found Mr. Milne's machine answer the purposes of bolting, for which they are intended; infinitely better than the old method of doing it with cloths, as they really bolt three times as quick without the least exaggeration, and are a very ingenious contrivance.

Fish-Kills, Dutchess County, July 25, 1772. DERICK BRINCKERHOFF.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Inferior Court, of Common Pleas of the County of Essex and Province of New-Jersey: Notice is hereby given to the Creditors of Gilbert Taylor an insolvent Debtor, that he hath filed his Schedule and complied with the Directions of a late Act of the Governor, Council, and General Assembly of the Province aforesaid, entitled, "An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors;" that the said Creditors be and appear at the Court-House in Newark, in said County, on Tuesday the 20th Day of October next, at two o'Clock in the Afternoon, before John Ogden, Daniel Pierson, and Joseph Riggs, Esqrs. (or any two of them) Judges of the said Court, to shew Cause (if any they have) why the said Gilbert Taylor, should not be discharged, agreeable to the Directions of the said Act. 51 54

Newark, September 16, 1772.

CAROLINA PINK-ROOT,
OF excellent Quality, fresh imported in the Brig Betsey, Capt. Fowler, and to be sold at ATWOOD's Medicinal Store, near the Coenties-Market, where the best of Drugs and Medicines are kept, Country and Sea Orders are duly executed, and Family Prescriptions faithfully prepared at the most moderate Charges.

ABRAHAM DURYEE,
Has imported in the Vessels just arrived from London, Bristol and Hull, which he will sell cheap at his House in the main Street, opposite the Fly-Market, viz.

SUPERFINE blue, black, scarlet, white, buff, green, and a great variety of London brown cloths, second and coarse cloths
Yard wide cloths do.
Forrest and hunter cloths
German serge and wilton
7-4 Bath coating, scarlet do.
Yard wide kersey, wove ditto blue ditto
6-4 coating, yard wide do.
6-4 bearskin
Blue and red duffels
Red, blue and brown penistone
Red and blue half thick
Devonshire kersey
Scarlet flannel, scarlet serge
Blue, brown and green do.
White flannel, red and yellow do.
Green and red baise
Black and blue serge denim
Cotton denim do.
Hair and worsted plush
Black everlasting
Jeans and fustians
Embosed serges, buckram
Rattinet and shalloons
Durant and tammies
Cloth and shoe binding
Scarf twist
Gold and silver thread buttons—three corded and basket buttons
Double gilt and others do.
Manchester velet, bed bunts
Bed ticks do.
Felt and castor hats
Calamancoes, black russel
Bombazeen, mourning crape
Hat band crape do.
Black, white & other gloves
8 and 9-4 green rugs
7, 8 and 9-4 rose blankets
10-4 swanskin do. stript blankets do.
Breeches patterns, serge dusoy
Men and womens stockings
Cotton and linen check
Furniture check do.
Striped cambletts and stuff stript cottons, dowlas
Sheeting, osnaburgs, &c. &c.
6 by 4, 9 by 7, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10, 14 by 10, 13 by 11, 15 by 11, 16 by 12, 16 by 13, 17 by 13, 17 by 14 crown glass
White lead dry and ground in oil
Spanish brown, do. yellow do.
Verdigrise do. red lead
Vermillion—Prussian blue
White vitriol—umber
Litharge—white and brown varnish, and a variety of fine paints
Whiting, paint brushes
Linseed oil
ALSO has to sell, choice old Madeira wine, Teneriff and Lisbon do. sweet and claret ditto—Old Jamaica spirits
West-India rum do.
Muscovado and loaf sugar
Pepper and alspice, ginger
Nutmegs, cinnamon, &c. &c.
51 54

JOHN ARTHUR,
On Cowfoot-Hill, near the New Market, at Peck's-Slip,
Has just received a Variety of Goods by the Earl of Dunmore, Capt. Lawrence, from London, and will sell them on the best Terms, wholesale or retail—amongst which are,

AN assortment of the most fashionable figur'd and plain ribbons, black love do. black and white new patent, French and valareene net gauzes, spotted and figured do. catguts and Paris net, drop and star Venetian and French ear-rings and necklaces, some very neat head dresses of the newest taste—large and small Italian flowers, minionet, black and blond laces, narrow edgings for scolloping—black, white, blue and pink Persians, spotted and figured modes and sarsnets, black, white and blue figured and plain ¾ ell peelongs, do. figured and spotted broad sattins—best black, white and coloured baladine sewing silks, green silk purses, gold and silver do. womens black and white patent silk mitts—mens black, white and coloured ribbed and plain silk hose from 20s. currency to the best ever imported for sale, some out size do. mens and womens white do. with embroidered clocks, mens black, white and coloured ribbed and plain worsted hose from 5s. to 13s. per pair, mens and womens gauze worsted hose, boys strong grey do.—mens double and single cotton caps, womens thread and cotton hose from 3s. to 12s.—mens best buck, doe, wood stock wash, grain tan, white, black, beaver, worsted and silk gloves, womens white orange and purple kid and lamb gloves and mitts, womens wood-stock wash and beaver gloves, boy and girls do. new copper-plate and two purple cotton and callicoes, 7-8 and yard wide cotton checks, writing paper from 10/6. to 30s. ream, best Holland quills, sealing wax and wafers of the best kind, black and red ink powder, Henry and Andrew playing cards, message do.—womens beaver hats, ermine trimming for cloaks, London, Whitechapel, darning and glovers needles, scarlet snail, neat stone stay hooks and hair pins, moco and stone sleeve buttons, best London pound and paper pins, 4 and 4½ pound do. double and single hair pins, Hungary and lavender water, sticking plaster, fine dandriff and ivory combs, crooked and straight tortoise-shell and horn do. lip salve, Turlington's genuine balsam of life, wash balls and boxes pomatum, hair powder, shaving boxes with improved soap, shaving, buckle, tooth and comb brushes—best white flannel with red selvage, new raisins in small casks and jars, do. currants, Turkey figs, square glass and barrel lanthorns, and chamber lamps, very neat enamel lamps with stands or for lanthorns—boys white beaver hats, very best DURHAM FLOUR of MUSTARD, &c. &c. 51 54

Also English red and white CLOVER SEED.

JUST IMPORTED AND TO BE SOLD BY
READE AND YATES,
A few Pipes, Hogsheads and Quarter Casks of Teneriff Wine. 49 52

THREE POUNDS REWARD.
RAN away, on sunday the 20th instant, (from the subscriber) a negro man, named Manuel; he is about 6 feet high, pretty well set, 22 or 23 years of age, speaks slow, tho' very good English, and is a complete hand at farming business: Had on when he went away a white flannel jacket with leather buttons, a blue Cloth over his jacket, an old wool hat, and tarr'd tow trousers. 'Tis supposed he is gone to Connecticut from whence he was lately purchased, or to Long-Island where he is well acquainted, having tarried there some time, when he absented himself from his former master. Whoever will take up said negro and bring him to me the subscriber, in New-York, or secure him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that I may have him again, shall be intituled to the sum of THREE POUNDS, and all reasonable charges paid by THOMAS IVERS.

N. B. It's probable said negro may be gone towards Albany, as he was once back among the Indians.

New-York, September 23, 1772.

WATCHES
COMPLETELY repair'd, in every particular article, at HALF the price charg'd by any other.

Cleaning at two shillings, glasses one shilling; the best springs, inside chains, six or eight shillings, mending broken ones two shillings each.

☞ As 'tis now two years since the author advertised here, some of the watches he has repair'd may become dirty,—— persons by applying may have them clean'd again immediately without expence.

J. SIMNET, WATCH-FINISHER, and Manufacturer, of *London*,
At the Black Dial, *with a* White Post, *the low Shop, aside the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York.* 47 54

PURSUANT to an order made by Benjamin Blagge and George Brewerton, jun. Esqrs. two of the Judges of the Mayor's Court of the city of New-York, upon the petition of Frederick Weissenfels, of the city of New-York, Gentleman, an insolvent debtor, and sundry of his creditors: Notice is hereby given by the petitioners, to all the creditors of the said Frederick Weissenfels, to shew cause (if any they have) before the said Judges, at the dwelling-house of the said George Brewerton, jun. Esq; situate in the Broad-way, in the said city of New York, on Wednesday the 30th instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, (being the day and place by the said Judges appointed for that purpose) why an assignment of the estate of the said Frederick Weissenfels, should not be made to James Jarvis, and Isaac Stoutenburgh, of the city of New-York, merchants, appointed by the petitioner for that purpose, and the said Frederick Weissenfels be thereupon discharged; agreeable to the directions of three certain acts of the legislature of the colony of New-York, the one entitled, "An act for the relief of insolvent debtors, and for repealing the acts therein mentioned;" another, entitled, an act to continue an act, entitled, "An act for the relief of insolvent debtors, and for repealing the acts therein mentioned, with an addition thereto;" and the other entiled, "An act more effectually to secure to the creditors, the benefits intended by the acts for the relief of insolvent debtors"—Which acts the said Frederick Weissenfels is enabled and allowed to take the benefit of—by another act of the legislature of the colony of New-York, passed the 24th day of March 1772, entitled, an act for the relief of insolvent debtors within this colony. Dated this 21st day of September, 1772. 51—

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE;
Where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

Barcelona, July 4. The master of a Catalan vessel reports, that a Corsair belonging to Morocco had taken, near the Straits of Gibraltar, a large Dutch ship, with a valuable cargo from the Levant.

Rome, July 8. The Spanish Physician, who came hither to attend M. Aspuru in his illness, for several days tryed the following remedy on him: He caused him to be placed in an arm chair, wrapped up in several coverings, and then ordered spirits of wine, camphire, and other drugs proper to excite a sweat, to be burnt under it. But in the night between Saturday and Sunday last, by some accident, the spirits when on fire, caught hold of his covering, and burnt his thighs. His Cries gave reason to those near him to think he would not survive, unction was administered to him. He was, however, seemingly better on the Monday, but towards the evening he was seized with convulsion fits, and died the next day, greatly regretted.

Warsaw, July 15. The Austrians, who are encamped under the walls of Leopold, want to take possession of that city, but the Russians refuse to abandon the place before the conclusion of a peace. A report is current that General Haddick has published a second manifesto, and that more Austrian troops are coming into this kingdom.

Paris, July 27. The establishment formed by the Board of the city of Paris, to recover persons that have been drowned, continues to meet with the greatest success. The 18th inst. a boy, named Serf, belonging to the office of the Duke of Orleans, aged about seventeen, sunk to the bottom of a pond where he was bathing, and continued there a full quarter of an hour. When he was brought out, he was to all appearance dead; but after rubbing, chafing him, &c. for several hours, he recovered. The next day a like accident happened to a mercer in this city, named Bray. He had no signs of life when taken out of the water, but on meeting with assistance, as in the above case, he came to his senses in an hour and a half, and was afterwards able to walk home.

LONDON, July 3.

A correspondent assures us, that the Ministers of three great northern powers at this Court have, without ceremony, refused to give us the least satisfaction in relation to the ultimate object of their present military arrangements.

The ships fitted out, and now on the point of sailing, are, it is said, notwithstanding the air of mystery assumed, only intended to reconnoitre the coast of Africa, and touch at one or two of the ports, and then return to England.

His Majesty has made a present to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales of a rich suit of armour, the coat of mail is gold, and it is valued at 1500 guineas.

A certain great lady was telling one of her own family that her husband had never slept a whole night with her before he went to Italy. I have heard, says lady———, who overheard the discourse, that one of the great advantages of going to Italy is that it teaches a man to sleep all night by his wife.

Alexander Macpherson, late a journeyman stay-maker at Bath, last week received certain accounts of a fortune of fifty thousand pounds being come to him from a person, a near relation, dying intestine some time since in India.

The Grand Signor is sending an Ambassador, with magnificent presents, to the King of Prussia. The Ottoman Porte hath hitherto seldom, if ever before, sent Ambassadors, but to Emperors of Germany, and to Kings of France.

It is now certain that a matrimonial union is intended to take place between the Courts of Sweden and Denmark, to which the late revolutions could alone have paved the way.

Thirty thousand pagodas worth of dimonds, it is said, were imported in one of the East-India Company's ships, lately come into the river, the property of one gentleman.

It is remarkable that the first Lord of the Treasury and the Lord Chancellor are both heirs apparent; a circumstance perhaps unequalled in the annals of our country, and though not very material in itself, deserves to be remarked on account of its singularity.

Extract of a letter from St. Jago de la Vega, in Jamaica, June 11.

"On the 31st ult. Mr. Andrew Ross, overseer on Jones's Penn near Passage Fort, was barbarously assassinated by a mulatto man, named Sam, the Head driver, and principally kept at a grass piece, about seven miles from where he committed the murder, and from whence he had followed the Overseer on horseback to perpetrate the horrid deed. Mr. Ross was an infirm aged man, almost unfit for labour. By the Evidence it appeared that the driver, whose influence surpassed the general deport of negroes, ordered every negro from their employ, and they implicitly obeyed. When the insatiable wretch was murdering, or in softer terms, cutting off old age an hour or two before its wonted time, the deceased cried out, "Murder! Murder! Help me!" he had seized the bridle of the poor man's horse, dragged him off, bucked him, and with a felling axe, cleaved him through the skull; he then put the deceased on his horse, and left him to a better world, imagining the facture would be attributed to a fall. Nothing further appeared but hear say evidence, until, by the activity of Angus Campbell, Esq; the body of Mr. Ross was found on Sunday the 5th instant. On Monday the Coroner's Inquest sat on the remains, when after the examination of several negroes, the corroborating circumstance of the neighbours, and Sam's voluntary confession, Charles Boswell, Esq; *cum socits*, brought in a verdict of wilful murder committed by Sam. On Wednesday he was tried before Samuel Howell and Charles White, Esqrs, Justices Scudamore Winde and Benjamin White, Esqrs, and Mr. William Butler, Freeholders, when a tale near to the former being related, he was found guilty, and sentenced to be staked to iron crows and burnt. The fire being set first at a small distance, and continued till it came to his feet, he bore it with savage sullenness and brutal ferocity, as if he was deprived of inward and outward feelings.

"On Tuesday nine negroes, belonging to the same Estate, were tried as accessaries and abettors, and for secreting the said murder. Two men were sentenced to be transported to the Bay, one to have his nose cut off at the Passage Fort, and one to be whipped in the negro market of this town and at Passage Fort; two women to have their noses cut off, and one to be whipped as above, and two were aquitted."

July 30. A great man in the last Cabinet Council strongly urged the immediate necessity of engaging in a war with France, as at this time the Bourbon Family indicate, by more than words, their evil dispositions towards the peace and prosperity of these kingdoms.

In the ratification of the suspension of arms sent by the Grand Vizir to Count Romanzow, the Emperor of Russia is stiled the most renowned among the Governors that believe in Jesus Christ, the most excellent among the most perfect of the people who follow the Messiah, and the conciliatress of the common differences among the nations of Nazareth: The Emperor of Germany is also called the most famous among the great Princes who believe in Jesus Christ, the most excellent among the followers of the Messiah, and the reconciler of the common differences among the Nazarenes. Of the King of Prussia it does not speak quite so hyperbolically, but prays for a blessing on all his projects and particularly his present one in mediating a peace.—But in another part of the ratification, speaking of their own army, they called it the "invincible Imperial Army."

The brigantine St. Lawrance, with Dr. Solander and Mr. Banks on board, is sailed from Plymouth for Iceland.

Advice is received that three armed vessels belonging to the Grand Signior are taken in the Archipelago by a fleet of men of war belonging to the Knights of Malta, fitted out by them to cruise in those seas, as they had before several vessels taken by the Grand Signior's armed ships, and the crews carried into slavery.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, July 28.

"Yesterday orders arrived here for the following men of war (and such others as are ready) to put to sea immediately, viz. the Torbay, the Albion, Somerset, and Triumph; and we hear that they are to sail for the Mediterranean, in order to reinforce the fleet in those seas, as it is strongly suspected the Spaniards have some design on Gibraltar, they having a powerful fleet in that part of the world, with several regiments of soldiers constantly exercising within sight of the garrison. We are also assured by letters received from thence, that the Governor has taken every necessary step to prevent the place being taken; all the works are well repaired, and some additional ones made to strengthen the fortifications, and to get the garrison well supplied with all sorts of provisions. There are some troops to embark from hence to reinforce that garrison, and also that of Mahon."

Orders are given for six regiments of foot on the British establishment, to be embarked immediately at Woolwich for Minorca.

Orders are expected to be issued in a few days for some repairs and alterations to be made at Kensington Palace, which some say is to be residence of the Queen of Denmark, who, it is said, had rather breathe the air of England than that of Germany.

It is whispered in the polite circles at the west end of the town, that a little coolness subsists between a Great Personage and a near relation, in consequence of the latter's having declined giving explicit answers to some questions proposed relative to his connections with Lady W.

July 31. Advices from Berlin say, that the King of Prussia has given orders for raising 5000 recruits in Polish Prussia.

Letters from Hamburgh say, that orders have lately arrived there for great quantities of cannon and other military stores for the service of the Turks.

Letters from Paris confirm the account of the Hydroscope (or person who has the gift of discovering water concealed in the bowels of the earth) mentioned in a former paper, with the further circumstance of his having been tried with vessels purposely buried in the earth, when he has not only discovered the spots, but told the direction and quantity of water so concealed

By advices from Boston, in New-England, we are informed, that some evil-minded persons had destroyed his Majesty's Custom-house at Gaspee Bay, at the mouth of the river St. Lawrence, in the province of Quebec.

It is said that the Viceroy of a neighbouring kingdom is now strongly soliciting a confirmation of his post for five years longer.

Wednesday the directors of the East-India Company appointed General Monckton and Andrew Stuart, Esq, Supervisors; and Lauchlin Macleane and —— Weir, Esqrs. Comptrollers in India.

The late conference between two Ambassadors is said to have been in consequence of some new satisfactions at the Court of Madrid, which are to be speedily complained of, and no less speedily revenged, unless bought off as usual, by our wise, able and magnanimous Administration.

An old correspondent, upwards of 80, assures, that there are at this time more Scotch Members who represent English boroughs, &c. than ever was known since the union.

CHARLESTOWN, August 10.

Advices from North Carolina, of the 15th instant, inform us, that the western parts of that province are not yet brought into a state of order. though the Spirit of outrage and violence is pretty well subdued. His Excellency Governor Martin has been for some time past at Hillsborough, on the south-west Frontier, where it is said he has received a petition from the excepted regulators, who, it is expected, will on surrendering themselves, be pardoned. His Excellency is indefatigably employed in restoring peace and quiet to that part of the country. The Cape Fear Mercury of the 12th instant says, "In consequence of some Instructions from his Majesty, relative to the outlawed regulators, his Excellency our Governor has summoned a Council, the Judges and Attorney-General, to meet at Hillsborough the 20th instant."

PHILADELPHIA, September 16.

From St. Christophers we learn, that Admiral Parry arrived at English Harbour, in Antigua, on the 31st of July last, to relieve Admiral Man, on that station; and that Admiral Man was to sail for England on the third of August.

Within three weeks past the store of Messrs. Friese and Foulke, in Third-street, was twice broke open and robbed, which determined them to keep watch; and on Monday night, between 11 and 12 o'clock, it was again broke open, when, with the assistance of the watchmen, &c. the thief was secured in the store, after he had put up a quantity of tea, and other things, in order to carry off. He proved to be a man who was some time ago hostler at the Inn next the store. And yesterday he was examined before Thomas Willing, Esq; who committed him to gaol.

Mr. HOLT,

BE good enough to insert the following Copy of a printed Letter received from London, in your next Paper, as it may have a Tendency to prevent any Misapprehension with respect to the Subject of it.

JOHN MURRAY.

London, Philpot-Lane, 22d June 1772.

Respected Friends,

WE have now to inform you, that our new Partner *John Dearman*, on Account of his prior private Transactions, is render'd incapable of performing any Part of his Agreements with us, whereon we grounded our Partnership, and therefore we have thought fit to dissolve and put an End to such Partnership, as if it had never existed; and we give you Notice, that the Business will be carried on in future, under the old Firm of *Robert* and *John Murray*; and all Goods bought of and sent by you, or any other Matter done in the Names of *Murray, Dearman*, and *Murray*, you are to transfer to the Account of *Robert* and *John Murray* (as they take upon themselves all the Accounts of *Murray, Dearman* and *Murray*) whose Orders in future you will please only to follow.

We are your assured Friends,

ROBERT and JOHN MURRAY,
JOHN DEARMAN.

WHEREAS the Partnership of *Murray, Dearman*, and *Murray*, is dissolved: This is to acquaint the Public, That the Business of said House is now carried on as formerly, by *Robert Murray*, of *London*, and *John Murray*, of *New-York*, under the Firm of *Robert* and *John Murray*, in both Places. They would also acquaint the Public in general, and their Customers in particular, That their Store in the City of New-York is removed from the House between Beekman's and Burling's-Slips, to that formerly occupied by Mr. William Butler, near the upper End of the Fly Market, and but a few Doors Eastward from the Treasury Office. 47 52

THE Partnership of BENNETT and DIXON, Jewellers, Gold-smiths, and Lapidaries, in King street, near the lower end of Wall-street, being dissolved, all persons having demands on the said partnership, are desired to send in their accounts and receive payment, by

BENNETT,

Who requests the continuance of the favours of his friends and customers, and is the only real maker in this city, of Ladies set shoe buckles, ear-rings, egrets, sprigs and hair pins, seals, necklaces, combs, crosses, and lockets, sleeve buttons and bracelets, &c. Gentlemens set shoe, knee and stock buckles; seals, broaches, buttons and rings, &c. The above articles done in the neatest and best manner, and sold as cheap as in London, wholesale or retail.

N. B. Mourning rings, plain or set, with any kind of stone with hair work'd in landskips, sprigs, plates or any device required, with the utmost expedition; likewise cut rubies, sapphire, topaz, amethyst, garnet, crystal, &c. Foils and stones of all sorts for jewellers. 44—

Most money for old gold, silver, and clear crystal.

THE managers of the Lottery for the benefit of Christ Church in New-Brunswick, have the pleasure to acquaint the public, that they have met with such success in the sale of their tickets, that they propose drawing about the time proposed in the scheme, under the inspection of Walter Livingston, Barnardus Lagrange, John Dennis, James Hude, Esqrs. Messrs, Dirck Van Veghten, and Hendrick Van Dursen, who are to be under oath for the faithful performance of the trust reposed in them.

A few of the remaining tickets may still be had of the managers, if speedily applied for.

New-Brunswick, August 25, 1772. 49 52

GREG, CUNNINGHAM, and Co.

Have imported in the last Vessels from London, Bristol, and Liverpool, and have for Sale at their Store on Hunter's-Quay:

THree quarter, 7-8, and yard wide Irish linen, from 1s. 8d. to 3s. 6d. per yard, sheeting, brown linen and diaper, callicoes, Persians, taffeties; check, flower'd and lawn handkerchiefs, flower'd aprons, fustians, bed bunts, gartering, writing paper, velverets, 7 8, yard wide, and yard and 3-8 cotton check, osnabrugs, Turkey and French stripes, Russia duck, English sail cloth from No. 1 to 8; glass, 6 by 8, 7 by 9, 11 by 9, castor hats, black beads, duffles and Bath coatings, black pepper, nails, shot—White stone and cream colour'd earthen ware, glass tumblers, English cider, Bristol beer—Wear's snuff—Irish pork in half barrels, and Connecticut pork in barrels, oatmeal, copper sheets and copper bottoms of all sorts—Madeira wine, men and women's thread hose, twine, 8-4, and 9-4 green rugs and blankets——Irish butter. 49 52

Charlotteburg, September 10, 1772.

Ore Carters for Charlotteburg Furnace.

NOTICE is hereby given to thoſe who uſually carted ore from Hibernia mine to the above furnace, or others, that thoſe who chooſe to commence carting on or before the 20th of October next, and who ſhall deliver a quantity not leſs than three tons a week, till it amounts to 30 tons, ſhall be paid as formerly, 10s. 6d. New-York money per ton; and for their further encouragement, they ſhall have the ſame price in ſleighing-time. Thoſe who begin carting after the 20th of October, will receive 10s. per ton, and if the quantity carted amounts to 20 tons, they ſhall receive 9s. per ton in ſleighing time.

N. B. None except thoſe who cart at the above rates, ſhall have the privilege to ſleigh at the foregoing prices; all others who only ſleigh, are deſired to remember that no more than 8s. per ton will be given in ſleighing time. If through unavoidable misfortune, the carters ſhould fall ſhort of their ſtipulated quantity, they may depend on all reaſonable indulgence from the managers.

50 53 ROBERT ERSKINE.

RICHARD DEANE,
DISTILLER, from LONG-ISLAND;

TAKES this Method to return his ſincere Thanks to all his Friends and Cuſtomers for their paſt Favours, and to acquaint them, he has now ready for Sale, at his Diſtillery between the College and the North-River, in *Murray-Street*, near *Vaux-Hall*, a Quantity of neat Brandy, Geneva, Spirits of Wine, and Cordials of different Sorts, particularly Royal Uſquebaugh, Red Ratifia, Cinnamon, Clove, Orange and Aniſeed Waters, All-Fours, &c. Alſo, *of the very beſt Quality*, Shrub, Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India and New-York Rum.

The good Quality of ſaid DEANE's Brandy, Geneva, and Cordials, has for ſeveral Years paſt been well experienced, and he is determined if poſſible, to excel in that particular Branch of Buſineſs; and will take in Payment for any conſiderable Quantity of them, either Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India and New-York Rum, Melaſſes, or Country Produce.

Empty Barrels, Kegs and Caſes, (which will be charged at firſt Coſt) always ready to fill, and all Orders ſent to the Diſtillery, or left at Mr. *Nesbit Deane's*, Hatter, aſide the Coffee-Houſe Bridge, or at Mr. *William Deane's*, Coach-maker, in Broad-Street, will be punctually complied with, and the utmoſt Diſpatch uſed.

☞ Said Deane is fully convinced by long Experience, that the ſureſt Means to acquire a ſpeedy Sale of the above Articles, is to make them of full Quality, at a moderate Charge, and good Attendance, which, with every other Endeavour to give general Satisfaction, will be the conſtant Study, of the Public's very obliged humble Servant.

44— R. DEANE.

BY virtue of a writ iſſued out of the court of chancery for this province of New-York, dated the 25th day of June inſtant, and to me directed, commanding me to make ſale of all that certain meſſuage, or dwelling houſe, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate, lying and being in the city of Albany, on the ſouth ſide of the ſtreet comonly called and known by the name of Jonker's-ſtreet, bounded on the weſt by the houſe and lot formerly of Peter Van Brough, deceaſed, then belonging to James Stevenſon; on the ſouth by the Lutheran burying ground; on the eaſt by the paſſage or lane between the ſaid houſe and ground, and the houſe and ground late of Colonel John Schuyler, containing in breadth in front and rear 28 foot and 7 inches, and in length on the eaſt ſide 92 foot 4 inches, and in length on the weſt ſide 103 foot and a half, all wood meaſure. Which ſaid meſſuage, or dwelling-houſe, and lot of ground, has by the ſaid court been decreed to be ſold at public vendue, on a bill of complaint, exhibited in the ſaid court by Levinus Clarkſon, complainant, againſt Robert Rogers, defendant, for fore-cloſing the equity of redemption of the ſaid premiſes, and to return the monies ariſing by ſuch ſale, into the ſaid court, on the 30th day of January next. This is therefore to give notice, that I ſhall, in obedience to the ſaid writ, expoſe to ſale the ſaid meſſuage, or dwelling houſe, and lot of ground, ſo decreed to be ſold, at public vendue, at the City-Hall of the city of Albany on the 9th day of January next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon of the ſame day. Dated this 27th day of June, 1772. 39 66

HENRY TEN EYCK, Jun.
Sheriff of the city and county of Albany.

PERTH-AMBOY.
LATELY ERECTED,
And now opened, A NEW and CONVENIENT
BATH,

IN which is a Room properly conſtructed to undreſs and dreſs in, with a Stair-Caſe leading into the Bathing Room, where Perſons of either Sex may bathe in Salt-Water, in the greateſt Privacy; and for thoſe that chooſe to ſwim off into deeper Water, a Door is ſo placed in the Bath, that they can conveniently go out and return.

The Building is near the End of a Wharf oppoſite to the Bay: This Bath will be more beneficial, as at about two Miles Diſtance is a Mineral Water, ſimilar to the German Spaw, which hath proved of the greateſt Efficacy in many Diſorders; its proper Diſtance procuring moderate Exerciſe after bathing, has proved in many Inſtances very aſſiſtant to the Medicinal Quality of the Waters; which with great Succeſs have been directed, after bathing in Sea Water. The Qualities of this Spaw, have been well examined by ſeveral Phyſicians of Ability, and frequently recommended by them, particularly by the preſent Doctor Johnſton, as well as his Father.

N. B. *Genteel Lodgings can be procured in ſeveral private Families.* 40—

TO BE SOLD,
By HAYMAN LEVY,
In *BAYARD-STREET*,

A CHOICE parcel of beaver and old coat raccoon-ſkins, which can be ſold very cheap, dear-ſkins, both Indian dreſs'd and in the hair, beſt brown martin-ſkins, &c.

Ruſſia ſheeting and ravens duck.

Oil ſtints of the firſt ſort, ſome bear ſkins, with ſundry other articles, as uſual. 8—

WILLIAM DEANE, Coachmaker,

INFORMS the publick in general, and his cuſtomers in particular, that he carries on his buſineſs as uſual, in Broad-ſtreet, where he makes all ſorts of coaches, landeaus, phætons, curricles, chairs and chaiſes; likewiſe all ſorts of harneſs and ſaddlers work, as alſo painting, gilding and japanning in the neateſt and moſt elegant manner.—And as he finiſhes all carriages whatever in his own ſhop, without applying to any other, he is likewiſe determined to make them as good, ſell them as cheap, and be as expeditious as there is a poſſibility; and to convince the publick of the truth of what he aſſerts, he will make any piece of work that is required, equal to any imported from England, and will ſell it at the prime coſt of that imported, by which means thoſe who are pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom will ſave the freight, inſurance, and the expences naturally attending in putting the carriages to rights after they arrive. And as a further inducement, he will engage his work for a year after it is delivered, that is, if any part gives way or fails by fair uſage, he will make it good at his own expence. Thoſe advantages cannot be obtained on carriages imported. He has now a conſiderable ſtock of the beſt of all materials fit for making carriages.—For the above reaſons, he moſt humbly requeſts the encouragement of the publick, which will be moſt gratefully acknowledged by him.

Said DEANE paints and repairs all manner of old work very reaſonably; and has for ſale, juſt finiſhed, a new phæton, and four new chairs. 39 64

To all Perſons intereſted in the Lands herein after mentioned.

WHEREAS there is a certain lot of land, ſituate and lying in the New-Palts patent, in the county of Ulſter and province of New-York, known and diſtinguiſhed by lot number ſix in the north diviſion (or the Cropell's lot) and bounded as follows to wit, to the north, by lot No. 7, to the ſouth by lot No. 5, to the eaſt by Hudſon's river; and to the weſt, by the commons or undivided lands, and to extend from the ſaid river three miles into the woods, according to the ranging of the ſtones ſet up in the ſides threof, of which ſaid lot of land, I the ſubſcriber am part owner. Now THEREFORE by virtue of a certain act of the Lieutenant Governor, the Council and General Aſſembly of the colony of New-York, paſſed the 8th day of January, 1762, entitled, *An act for the more effectual collecting of his Majeſty's quit rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto*;" and alſo to continue one other act, entitled, an act to explain part of an act, entitled, an act for the more effectual collecting of his Majeſty's quit rents in the colony of New-York, and for partion of lands in order thereto; paſſed the 31ſt day of December, 1768, I do hereby give notice that John Dumont, Eſq; James Roe, and Chriſtopher Tappen, all of the town of Kingſton, perſons not intereſted in the ſaid lands, are appointed Commiſſioners to make partion of ſaid lot of land above mentioned; and that they the ſaid Commiſſioners, will meet on Friday the 25th day of November next, at the dwelling-houſe of Michael De Noe, innholder in the precinct of the New-Palts; and all perſons intereſted therein are hereby requeſted to attend then and there for that purpoſe, either by themſelves or their attornies. Given under my hand the twenty fourth day of Auguſt, in the year of our Lord, 1772.

48 59 JACOB DEGREMORE, Jun.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all perſons having any demands upon the eſtate of Doctor Jacobus Van Dyck, late of this city deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts that they may be ſettled; and all indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make immediate payment, or ſettlement, otherwiſe their accounts will be put into the hands of an Attorney.

ELINOR VAN DYCK, Executrix.
JONATHAN BLAKE, } Executors
ROBERT CRANNELL, }

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

For diſpoſing of a Houſe and Lot of Ground, &c. now in the Poſſeſſion of William Elſworth.

The Lottery conſiſts of 1900 Tickets, viz.

1,	A houſe and Lot in Queen-ſtreet, near Burling's-ſlip, New-York, valued by ſworn appraiſers, at £1400, and now rents for £70 per an. and the taxes,	£1400	0 0
1,	A houſe and lot of two acres in the town of Norwich, New-London county, in Connecticut,	50	0 0
29	Prizes of plate, furniture, &c. the higheſt of which is £20, the loweſt £1. 8. amounting in the whole to	298	10 0
421	Caſh prizes, at 30s. each, is	631	10 0
452	Prizes,		
1448	Blanks.	£2280	0 0
1900	Tickets, at 24s each, is	£2280	0 0

A blank deed is already made for the houſe, and the adventurers may be aſſured, that the fortunate number which ſhall draw that and the lot of ground, ſhall be put into poſſeſſion as ſoon as the lottery is drawn, which will be in a ſhort time—when the fortunate numbers will be printed in hand-bills, and the prizes punctually paid, ſubject to no deduction. WILLIAM ELSWORTH.

Some of the tickets yet remaining unſold, may be had of Mr. Dine Elſworth, at Powles Hook, where the Lottery is to be drawn. 46—

Orange County, Auguſt 18 1772.

THE Publick are hereby requeſted not to truſt Suſannah Crane the Wife of me the Subſcriber, on my Account; ſhe living and behaving herſelf in ſo ſcandalous and notorious a Manner (even the Life of a common Proſtitute) ſhe has already run me very conſiderably in Debt, and am obliged to take this Method to prevent my intire Ruin. After this publick Notice it is expected no one will preſume to truſt her on my Account, for I am determined to pay no Debts of her contracting from the Date hereof.

49 52 *JEREMIAH CRANE.*

THIS is to inform the Publick, that I have been compelled to leave my Husband's Houſe, in which I had long received the baſeſt and moſt unmanly Uſage, that a Diſpoſition naturally jealous, and often inflamed with Liquor could inflict; to which he was excited by the Inſinuations and baſe Aſperſions of a Perſon at whoſe Houſe he ſpends the beſt Part of his Time and Subſtance, while ſuch was his churliſh Diſpoſition, that he hardly would allow me or mine, the moſt ſcanty Maintenance at Home.—— To a Diſpoſition mean, jealous and ſordid, I owe every Inſult that I have ſuffered from the Malice of a cenſorious and cruel World, upon which it hath thrown me and my poor Babes, without any Protection. (49 52) *SUSANNA CRANE.*

MANY of the Purchaſers of Tickets in the ROAD LOTTERY, deſire the Managers to inform them when it will be drawn, or the Purchaſe Money be return'd. 39 52

A FRENCH NIGHT SCHOOL,

WILL be opened on Monday Evening the twenty-firſt September Inſtant, by the Subſcriber, at the Houſe of the Widow Giles, in the Broad-Way, oppoſite Mr. Weatherhead's, on the uſual Terms: He continues to teach in private at any Hour in the Day. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who chooſe to employ him, may aſſure themſelves of his Aſſiduity, to inſtruct them in this polite Language; he flatters himſelf no Maſter has taught it in this City with greater Succeſs: His Rules are ſhort, eaſy and entertaining, to engage the moſt remiſs Scholar's Attention: He returns his ſincere Thanks to thoſe who have honoured him with their Favours, the Continuance of which, and their Friends, will ever be gratefully acknowledged by their

Moſt obedient humble Servant,
JOHN GIRAULT,
Teacher of French Grammar.

N. B. The Hours of attending Evening School, are from ſix to eight o'Clock. 50 53

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC,
THAT THE
UNIVERSAL STORE
OF
GERARDUS DUYCKINCK,
At the Sign of the
LOOKING-GLASS and DRUGGIST POT,

IS removed to the Dwelling-Houſe, next but one from the corner of the Old Slip; now occupied by Henry Will, Pewterer, having alſo replaced the ſign of the LOOKING-GLASS and DRUGGIST POT, from thence back of his ſaid dwelling houſe, in Little Dock-ſtreet, between the widow Duyckinck and Richard Ten Eyck, Baker, being one and the ſame ſtore, running back from ſtreet to ſtreet.

He has imported from London and Briſtol, in the laſt Veſſels,

A large Aſſortment of GOODS,
Such as have not been imported to this city before,
Being a curious aſſortment of valuable Goods, viz.

Looking-Glaſſes, Sconces and Dreſſing-Glaſſes;

Pictures of all Sizes and Sorts,
Particular capital prints which coſt for engraving from one to three hundred guineas.

China and cut white Flint Glaſs,
A large and beautiful aſſortment.
ALSO,
A large Aſſortment of Drugs,
With every article connected therewith:
And alſo in thoſe ſundry branches, as
PAINTERS and LIMNERS COLOURS,
DYERS and FULLERS COLOURS,
WINDOW GLASS of all Sizes,
With COACH and PLATE GLASS.
FOUNDERS and SMELTERS ARTICLES.
JEWELLERS STONES, &c.
HATTERS TRIMMINGS.
Table Knives and Forks, a compleat Aſſortment.
London and hard Metal PEWTER,

SHEET LEAD		In Boxes, Rolls and Bundles.
Ditto	Braſs	
Ditto	Copper	
Ditto	Tin	
Ditto	Iron	

STEEL of different Sizes and Marks.
NAILS and SHOT of all Sizes.
WRITING PAPER of all Sizes.
Alſo, an Aſſortment of
Paper Hangings and Carpeting.
DISTILLERS ARTICLES.
SPICERY——SNUFFS.

And a Variety of other Articles for Country Stores, and the Army, too tedious to mention, which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms. 6—

At the Sign of the CROSS SWORDS, the Corner Houſe oppoſite the Merchant's Coffee Houſe,

HAS imported by the laſt veſſels from England, a large and general aſſortment of Cutlery Ware, beſides thoſe of the beſt ſort which he is from time to time manufacturing. He likewiſe continues to carry on the blackſmith's buſineſs in all its branches; ſuch as your finely poliſhed Bath ſtoves, to fit any fire-place; the much eſteemed perpetual oven, ſo very convenient in families, fixed up in ſuch a manner as to require but little heat; ſmoak and other jacks, on the beſt conſtructions, &c.

The ſaid BAILEY returns his moſt reſpectful thanks for paſt favours, and is determined by aſſiduity and punctuality to merit them in future. He alſo cuts ladies or gentlemen's names, and numbers for linen and books, in black or red ink which will not waſh out; exceeding convenient. 45—

☞ N. B. He gives the full value for old Gold and Silver.

FRANCIS LEWIS and Son,

Have brought over with them from England,

A General Aſſortment of Goods, ſuitable for the Seaſon; moſt of which they purchaſed immediately from the Manufacturers, and will ſell at the moſt reaſonable Terms, at their Store in Queen-ſtreet, near the Fly-Market, lately occupied by Mr. John Morton. 31——tbtf